

## **DHT SERIES**

## **High-Inlet Temperature Refrigerated Air Dryer**



**DHT-20 & DHT-100** 

### **DHT Series Features**

- Maximum inlet temperature of 205°F.
- Maximum inlet pressure of 200 psig.
- Outlet pressure dew point range of 40-50°F.
- No air-cooled aftercooler required for compressor.
- Environmentally Friendly R-134a Refrigerant.
- Space-saving compact design.
- Fully automatic operation.
- Power on-light.
- On/Off switch.
- Power Cord.

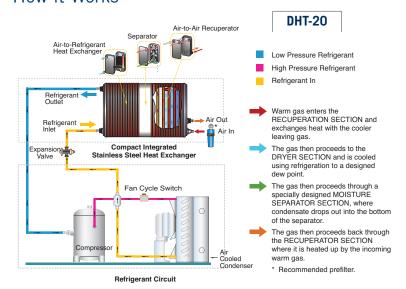
## **DHT Series Benefits**

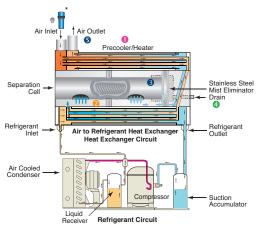
- Environmentally friendly R-134a refrigerant.
- Advanced scroll technology.
- $\bullet$  Highly efficient moisture separation.
- Timer drains standard.
- NEMA 1 standard.
- Precise dew point at any load.
- Reduced power and energy consumption.
- Copper brazed stainless steel multi-plate or aluminum block heat exchangers.

The Aircel DHT Series (20 - 125 scfm) high inlet temperature refrigerated air dryers are designed for air-cooled reciprocating type air compressors, this compressed air dryer combines an oversized refrigerated circuit, high-efficiency heat exchangers and separator into a single compact unit, with single point air in/out, drain and electrical connections.

These dryers can accept compressed air up to 205°F and provide clean dry air at the outlet. Our high inlet temperature refrigerated dryers have been designed specifically for use with smaller reciprocating air compressors that typically do not incorporate an aftercooler.

# **DHT SERIES**How it Works





#### DHT-40 +

- Hot compressed air, up to 205°F, enters the precooler/reheater section and exchanges heat with the cooler air leaving the heat exchanger to recuperate its energy.
- The precooled air is then cooled down to its final dew point by the patented design of the evaporator and its high efficiency, multi-stage separator.
- The built-in stainless steel mist eliminator and a quiet zone prevent re-entrainment of collected condensation (DHT-40 and up).
- Liquid water condensate is collected and drained at the lowest and coolest point within the drying circuit.
- The cold compressed air is reheated in the final stage of the heat exchanger as it flows countercurrent to the incoming hot compressed air.
  \* Recommended prefilter.

## **DHT SERIES** TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



#### **DHT** Model Comparison

Model	Capacity <sup>1</sup> (scfm)	Connection (inches FPT)	НР	RLA*	MCA*	Voltage	Dime	ensions (inc	Pressure max.	Weight	
Wouci					MOA	(Standard)	Н	W	D	(psig)	(lbs)
DHT-20	20	1/2	1/3	7.2	9.9	115-1-60	15	16	16	200	95
DHT-40	40	1	1/2	10.2	13.6	115-1-60	22	24	18	200	125
DHT-50	50	1	1/2	10.2	13.6	115-1-60	22	24	18	200	140
DHT-75	75	1	3/4	13.3	18.3	115-1-60	22	24	18	200	240
DHT-100	100	1-1/2	3/4	13.3	18.3	115-1-60	30	36	25	200	330
DHT-125	125	1-1/2	1	10.9	14.8	208/230-1-60	30	36	25	200	360

<sup>1</sup> Capacity rated @175 psig, 180°F inlet, 100°F ambient, and a PDP of 50°F.

## **DHT Series Capacity Correction Factors**

#### To Size the Dryer Capacity for Actual Conditions

#### Adjusted Capacity = scfm x C1 x C2 x C3 x C4

To calculate the capacity of a given dryer based on non-standard operating conditions, multiply the standard capacity by the appropriate correction

EXAMPLE: Drver Model: DHT-100

Standard Capacity: 100 scfm
Actual Operating Conditions: 95°F ambient temperature: C1 = 1.03
150°F inlet temperature: C2 = 1.06 160 psig system pressure: C3 = 0.96 50°F required dew point: C4 = 1.0

Adjusted Capacity = 100 scfm x 1.03 x 1.06 x 0.96 x 1.0 = 104.8 scfm

The Compressed Air and Gas Institute (CAGI) has developed standards to protect users of compressed air & gas equipment. The published standard capacities are based on 175 psig inlet pressure and 180°F inlet temperature. When these conditions vary, a given DHT dryer will be able to purify either more or less compressed air than its standard capacity. There are two ways in which this information can be used. The first

is to start with a specific DHT dryer size and recalculate its capacity based on the known operating conditions using the correction factors given below. The second is to select the proper DHT dryer size based on applying the correction factors to the flow rate for a given set of operating conditions. Examples based on applying the correction factors are shown below.

#### Capacity correction factors for differing ambient air temperature (C1)

Ambient Temperature (°F)	75	85	95	100	105	115	120
Correction Factor	1.1	1.07	1.03	1	0.96	0.82	0.55

#### Capacity correction factors for differing inlet air temperature (C2)

Inlet Temperature (°F)	90	100	150	180	200	205
Correction Factor	1.3	1.27	1.06	1	0.98	0.90

#### Capacity correction factors for differing system air pressure (C3)

System Pressure (psig)	30	45	60	75	90	100	115	130	145	160	175	190	200
Correction Factor	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.75	8.0	0.83	0.86	0.9	0.93	0.96	1	1.1	1.12

#### Capacity correction factors for differing pressure dew point requirements (C4)

Dew Point (°F)	38	41	45	<b>45 50</b>		60
Correction Factor	0.65	0.73	0.8	1	1.1	1.22

#### To Select the Dryer Model for Actual Conditions

#### Adjusted Capacity = scfm/C1/C2/C3/C4

To choose a dryer based on a given flow at non-standard operating conditions, divide the given flow by the appropriate correction factor(s).

Given Flow: 80 scfm EXAMPLE:

Actual Operating Conditions: 75°F ambient temperature: C1 = 1.1 150°F inlet temperature: C2 = 1.06 200 psig system pressure: C3 = 1.12 Required dew point: 50°F pdp: C4 = 1.0 Adjusted Capacity = 80 scfm / 1.1 / 1.06 / 1.12 / 1.0 = **61.3 scfm** 

Selected Dryer Model: DHT-75



<sup>\*</sup>Rated Load Amps (RLA) and Minimum Circuit Amps (MCA).

Maximum ambient temp: 35°F - 120°F Maximum inlet temp: 205°F / Air pressure range: 30-200 psig
Due to a continuous program of product improvement, specification and dimensions are subject to change without notice.